

A DAY OF SENSATIONS.

defense by his testimony was not
mitted by the court.

The defense then offered the files
Justice Austin's court in the prelimi-
inary examination of Lookwood in evi-
dence. The prosecution objected to
their admission and the court sustained
the objection.

Edwards was then placed on the
stand by the prosecution, but the
court held that his testimony was in-
relevant and improper and ruled that
he could not testify.

After informing the jury that
the court would consider the case
closed except as to the testimony
of the shorthand reporter, McAllister
and Damron an adjournment was taken
until 10 a. m. today.

THE SIDE.

Republican Caucus Tonight—A
mand for Political Reform.

Allison Barlow is contemplating mov-
ing on a ranch near Ontario in the ne-
future.

John Betsworth was the recipient
of a one-pound box yesterday.

The Republican Club meets this

ening at Moor's Hall on Downey avenue at 7:30 p.m. At 8 o'clock the circus will be called and all good citizens should be on hand to nominate delegates to be voted on Saturday night at the county convention, which is to take place.

Joe Watson returned from Sacramento yesterday, where she has been stopping for the past two weeks.

Harry Campbell has removed to West Side to get nearer to his work.

The first dirt of the sewers was thrown yesterday at the East Side command post at the intersection of the Mission and coming up the river.

The question is asked and discussed among the better classes, what can be done to create a reform in politics.

The friends of W. T. Ingraham have been suffering the past three weeks from a severe

A Correction.

By a transcription in the "make yesterday, the following evidence by Richard Farquhar was incorporated in the testimony of Constable Smith.

When I first saw Damron, said the witness, he seemed to be perfectly dumbo as well as myself. He was excited and very much concerned. He said, "God's sake don't give me away." I went to the Redick block it was between 8 and 9 o'clock.

_____ addressed me I told

SANTA BARBARA DEMOCRAT. Sept. 25.
nominations in full by the Demo-
County Convention were as fol-
For Assembly, Col. Russell Heath,
perior Judge, W. B. Coe; Sheriff,
Sherman, Treasurer, J. L. I.
County Clerk, H. Arata; Rec-
James M. Goode; District Atto-
J. H. Kincaid; Superintendent of
lic Schools, G. E. Thurmond; Tax-
lector, John S. Haults; Auditor,
in Snow; Treasurer, E. S. Sh-
Coroner and Public Administrator,
Dr. J. F. Flournoy; County Sur-
J. V. Jessee.

A Chico Merchant Who Has
mized Many Firms.

CHICO, Sept. 23.—[By the As
Press.] The American Cash St
in the hands of Sheriff Hall
whereabouts of its proprietor, V
Early, are unknown. Early was
time engaged in the real estate
ness, but less than a year ago h
\$8000 for the store to J. G. W
who had opened it about two
ago. The stock consisted of g
men's furnishing goods, hats,
boots, shoes etc. After the sal
store Wright left, saying he w
to the State of Washington.
The store had been open for
three months from June, in Au

San Francisco, New York, Chicago and Boston. It is stated that it has since been discovered that most of the goods received early were reshipped under the name of the same firm. The firm's salesmen "call" enough goods being sold at prices and for cash to pay for the charges and a small portion of the sales price.

Attorneys here have received word from creditors aggregating over \$1,000,000 that the claims will range from \$24,000 or \$50,000. Goods have arrived almost daily and have attached, many consignments appearing in transit. The San Francisco Board of Trade is now making an examination. The programs have been received from all sources in New York, Chicago and Boston, and announcements claiming amounts to

parently unmolested, but 2300
boxes were found, and the sto-
ventories only about \$3850. W.
store has been attached at at
but he will not be molested, as
pears as a purchaser on time
Early.

MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

**A Young Farmer Killed By
Brother-in-Law.**

Lodi, Sept. 23.—[By the Asso-
Press.] G. W. Holmes, aged 25
married, a farmer who lived near
son, was shot and killed near
weeks ago. The body was found
today by Sheriff Thorne of
veras county, in an old
The shooting is supposed
to have been by the brother-in-

brother of Mrs. Holmes, who is
at San Francisco. It was given
by his wife that Holmes had le
country, but the Sheriff thought
and searched till he found
remains. A coroner's inquest
held this evening. The cause
shooting is unknown. The w
was used a shotgun. Holmes
shot under the right ear.

"Bull" Haggerty Dead.
CHICAGO Sept. 23.—"Bull" Ha
died this morning from a wound
inflicted by "Bad Jimmy" Conno
a saloon fight Saturday night.
norton will recover.

DYER AND TAYLOR.

The Wounded Man's Condition Dangerous.

DR. WISE ON THE STAND.

Dyer's Ball Fixed at \$10,000—Both of the Men Still Refuse to Talk—Rumors and Theories.

The shooting affray between Frank J. Dyer, editor of the East Side Citizen, and James H. Taylor, formerly of South Riverside, which took place in front of the Natick House, Monday afternoon, and in which Taylor was wounded, turns out to be much more serious than was at first supposed. When Taylor was first wounded he stated that his injuries were not serious, and that it was in fact, only a flesh wound, and requested that this be published, as he did not wish to alarm his friends and relatives, who live in Riverside. He passed a comparatively quiet night, but yesterday morning took a turn for the worse, and his condition is now such as to cause the greatest apprehension on the part of his physician, Dr. K. D. Wise. The bullet entered the left hip, striking the joint, and passing around the bone, injured the sciatic nerve, and is either embedded in the fleshy part of the thigh, or has entered the pelvis. At any rate, the bullet has not been found, and there is no way at present of determining the full extent of his injuries. As the day advanced Taylor's condition grew worse, and during the afternoon he became delirious.

Dyer, by his attorney, yesterday made application before Justice Austin for a partial examination, with a view to fixing bail, and at 3 o'clock was set for the hearing. At that hour the fact that it was near the latest joint in the body, and that it was the largest nerve in the body that was injured, he considered the wound a very bad one, dangerous, but not necessarily fatal. The gravity of the case was further increased from the fact that the patient was suffering from a diseased heart, which complicated matters. He declined to express any opinion as to the probability of his recovery, but before Taylor could get out, in case he recovered, saying it might be ten days or as many weeks. The patient was delirious, and he could tell but little, if anything, at this time. All he would say was that he considered the wound a dangerous one, and that no one could say how it would result.

The doctor was questioned at some length by the attorney for the defense, and in answer to the question as to whether or not he thought that with proper treatment, the patient would recover, he replied that he could not say, that it was to lose up half-a-dollar and say he would recover, and he would be liable for his opinion at this time. He could only repeat that he considered the wound a very dangerous one.

No other witnesses examined, and on behalf of the defense, briefly addressed the court, setting forth Dyer's good character, both in this city and Riverside, and asking that, as the matter was largely in the discretion of the court, he should be released, and would be fixed, such as the defendant could give.

Justice Austin replied that, in view of the testimony of the physician, but little was left to the discretion of the court at this time. He did not feel justified, under the circumstances, in fixing the bail at less than \$10,000, and that sum was accordingly named, and the examination was set for tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Counsel for the defense said that he thought his client could give this amount, but that it might take a little time, and Dyer was accordingly committed to the custody of the Sheriff and taken to the County Jail, where he spent the night.

During the progress of the hearing, Mrs. F. B. Fanning came into the courtroom, and affectionately greeted Mrs. Dyer, took a chair by her side, remaining with her until court adjourned.

STILL REFUSE TO TALK.

Both Dyer and Taylor still refuse to talk, and positively decline to make any statement as to the causes which led up to the shooting. During the day the affair was generally discussed on the streets, and there were a number of rumors and theories in regard to it, but no one wished to be quoted as authority in the matter.

One man, who formerly lived at Riverside, and is now in the city, said that he had seen Taylor, and that he had been with him at the time of the shooting. He said that the trouble between the two men first commenced two years ago, when a party went from Riverside to the beach. Among this party were Taylor and Dyer. Dyer, who was then publishing a paper in Riverside at the time, was detained by his business at home. While at the beach there was some talk about Taylor, and Dyer, who was then in Riverside, was afterwards closed out his business and removed to Los Angeles, and after a time, Taylor, who formerly ran a hardware store, also sold out and came to Los Angeles. Dyer refused to have anything to do with Taylor, or even to speak to him on the street. This angered Taylor, and he is said to have made slighting remarks about the lady. A week or two ago Taylor is said to have met Mrs. Dyer while she was riding on a street car with a young lady friend, and attempted to enter into a conversation with her. She refused to notice him, when he made an insulting remark to the lady, whereupon he ordered him to leave the car. Dyer was not in the city when this occurred, but when he returned he was told about it, and the shooting followed.

Dyer was seen at the County Jail last evening, and was told this story, but he declined to either deny or confirm it, saying that while he would like to talk, his attorney had advised him to say nothing, and he would follow his advice.

Millard-Cozad, Jr.
Last evening Miss Winifred L. Millard and Samuel M. Cozad were united in marriage at the residence of Rev.

THE COURTS.

Air Anomalous Case Before Justice Savage.

THE COENEN DAMAGE SUIT.

Granted a Divorce for Desertion—Fined for Battery—A Colored Battery Case—Papers Filed, Etc.

On October 2nd a rather anomalous case will be reopened in Justice Savage's court. Some time ago Justice Marshall, sitting for Justice Savage, gave a verdict for the plaintiff by default in the case of John Lowe against John Lee, C. A. Lee and Eva Lee for \$85.45 rent due on a house on San Pedro street in this city. At the time John Lee was in Washington, the new State, C. A. Lee was dead and the only remaining defendant, Eva was a young girl and a minor. This being the case, she was unable to make a contract and should not have been a party defendant or for that matter party plaintiff to the suit.

This would have been passed, however, but it seems that Miss Eva had a piano left her by a deceased relative and this was seized.

Police Surgeon Morton had himself appointed guardian ad litem of the minor child. This action upon the part of Mr. Morton is very creditable, as it will have the effect of preventing Eva being illegally despoiled of her property. At the request and petition of Mr. Morton Justice Savage yesterday reopened the case.

Celestin Love yesterday secured a verdict at the hands of a jury in Department Five of the Superior Court, against Jean Laborious for \$180.55 and costs. The case came up under an appeal from the Justice Court. It was an action to recover a mare and colt, the property of the defendant. The Justice Court gave the plaintiff only \$130.

CHARGED WITH BATTERY.

William Taylor, a colored gentleman, has been placed in durance vile at the request of Lottie Taylor, also colored. Lottie has lodged a charge of battery against William and upon that charge he has been arrested on a warrant sworn out from the Justice Court. It seems that Lottie has been residing at the New England lodging house on Second street on some occasions and on others at the New Orleans House on the same highway.

She is now at the New Orleans House on Monday last he became displeased with her actions and thereupon smote her. He struck her over the head and face and the consequence is he is now in durance. On Saturday he will be tried.

COURT NOTES.

Judge Shaw yesterday granted naturalization papers to Louis Wilson and E. Bruntz, natives of Germany.

Superior Judge Van Dyke yesterday granted Mary Norman a divorce from her husband because he treated her cruelly.

The contest between the city and Mrs. Clemens for a tract of land at the head of Sixth street is still pending in Department Three of the Superior Court.

John Kaus was fined \$20 by Justice Savage yesterday for battery. He threw an old man named Eldridge out of his saloon on Figueroa street a short time ago. John gave notice of an appeal.

The chances are that the attention of Judge Clarke in Department Two of the Superior Court will be entirely taken up today, as it was yesterday, in the trial of the damage suit of Mr. and Mrs. Zachary Adams against the city of Los Angeles for the condemnation of a strip of land near Figueroa street. The corporation also sues Thomas and Mary Carey, and Wong Sing for the condemnation of property adjoining Zach's.

E. Y. Lansing sues A. Adams and others for \$8200, with interest, on foreclosure of mortgages.

Superior Judge Cheney yesterday placed the case of Grant Van Slyke, charged with an unnatural crime, upon the calendar of Department Two.

Juan Jose Reyes is accused of having stolen sixteen head of cattle from the Laguna Ranch.

CROWN HILLS.

Regular Meeting of the Improvement Society.

The regular meeting of the Crown Hills Improvement Society was held last evening at the Ellis College Hall, with J. M. Witmer chairman.

The Committee on Water, as usual, discussed the water question at length.

Mr. Sheward stated that the suits instituted against the water company were progressing.

The special committee reported that they had interviewed several attorneys as to the best course to pursue in case of the water supply being turned off for non-payment of meter rates. It seemed to be the general conclusion that the cheapest way was to turn the water on again, and in case of the water company cutting the pipe or taking away the connections to have them reconnected for misdeemeanor.

Mr. Fletcher made very appropriate remarks, introduced Rev. I. Fletcher as having recently arrived in this city, after a residence of eighteen years in Italian cities, and had now taken up his residence on the Crown Hills, who would deliver an address on the water supply of ancient and modern Italian cities. Mr. Fletcher came forward, and those present, of whom there were many ladies, had the pleasure of listening for three quarters of an hour to a very entertaining and instructive address. He explained what great care the old Romans took to have good water in unlimited quantities and of the water, a perfect system. He concluded his remarks by stating that he had come to Los Angeles to stay and was pleased with the city, but was horrified by the condition of the drinking water furnished on the hills.

The question of future water supply was discussed at some length and the necessity of the city taking immediate action was urged.

A resolution was passed asking the

City Council to appropriate a

new system of works covering

the entire city, and to have the

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 M. A. OTIS, Treasurer.
 M. A. OTIS, Secretary.

Vol. XVIII., No. 11,2

THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE.



Republican Nominations.

[Election, Tuesday, November 4, 1890.]

FOR GOVERNOR,
 Col. H. H. MARKHAM, Los Angeles Co.
 FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
 JOHN B. REDDICK, Calaveras
 FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
 E. G. WATTS, Alameda
 FOR COMMISSIONER OF LANDS,
 J. B. McDONALD, Stanislaus
 FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
 W. H. H. HART, San Francisco
 FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
 THEO. BRICKLEY, San Francisco
 FOR STATE COMPTROLLER,
 E. P. COLGAN, Sonoma
 FOR CHIEF JUSTICE,
 C. W. H. BEATTY, Sacramento
 FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
 L. BROWN, Boland
 SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
 J. W. ANDERSON, San Francisco

Nominations for Congress.

U. S. CAMPBELL, San Joaquin
 J. C. W. W. ROWLES, San Diego

District Nominations.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER—THIRD DISTRICT,
 JAMES W. BROWN, Santa Clara
 BOARD OF EQUALIZATION—FOURTH DISTRICT,
 J. B. HERRON, Monterey

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

For \$2.25, payable in advance, THE TIMES will be sent to any postoffice for one hundred days, covering more than the entire period of the impending political campaign; and for \$2.55, in advance, THE TIMES will be delivered to city subscribers for the same period as above. For \$4.55 in the city, or \$4.25 by mail, we offer the paper for one hundred days, together with our premium, "THE LOS ANGELES TIMES ATLAS OF THE WORLD."

THE TIMES has established a State bureau in San Francisco, and politics will receive special attention in our columns. The State, Legislative, Congressional and Senatorial canvasses will be full of interest and importance. Subscribe now!

THE WEEKLY MIRROR.

For \$3.00, in advance, we will furnish to any address, the PREMIUM ATLAS and THE WEEKLY MIRROR one year.

Persons wishing to examine the Atlas can do so by calling on the nearest local agent for this paper.

REGISTER, EVERYBODY!

Let all Republican voters, and all who wish to become voters legally, bear in mind that they must have their names upon the Great Register. No matter if your name is upon the register already, that "don't do"—you must re-register, or be disfranchised. Attend to this urgent duty and save your vote!

BERLIN is suffering from an epidemic of suicides.

ANTI-BUCKLEYITES nominated J. M. McDonald for Mayor in San Francisco yesterday.

The new chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, Russell J. Wilson, is said to be a Buckley appointee. Who says Christopher isn't still the boss?

It is expected that Mr. L. E. Mosher of THE TIMES will shortly join Col. Markham on his northern campaign. The readers of the paper will lose nothing thereby.

ABOUT this time look for the appearance of campaign sheets which announce that they have "come to stay." Their appearance is frequently followed by a heavy local fall of snow.

The Democrats up north appear to be remarkably anxious for a "gentlemanly campaign" just now. Perhaps they are afraid some one might say something unkind about their leader, Mr. Christopher Buckley. See?

BLAINE thinks that Capt. Pitts either should not have accepted Barandilla as a passenger, or, having accepted him with the knowledge of his legal status, he should not have carried him within the territorial limits of Guatemala.

The San Diego Union has joined in the movement for raising, by popular subscription, a fund for the relief of Mrs. Fremont. All monies thus raised will be forwarded to Los Angeles and duly accounted for. So promises Gen. Murray, editor of the Union.

AID FOR MRS. JESSIE BENTON FREMONT.

It becomes a painful duty to publicly announce that the distinguished daughter of the eminent Senator Benton, and the widow of "The Pathfinder," Maj.-Gen. John C. Fremont, deceased, is in distressed circumstances, financially. She is now living in Los Angeles with her daughter, and is seriously ill. Pending the action of Congress in the matter of pension for Mrs. Fremont, appeal is made to Californians and to all patriotic citizens for aid to relieve her present necessities. THE TIMES has started a popular subscription, which has reached the figures given below.

Previously reported.
 Gen. John Mansfield..... 5.00
 J. W. Higgins, Pasadena..... 10.00
 Fred Gottschalk..... 5.00
 K. P. Del Valle..... 5.00
 R. W. Fink..... 5.00
 Jack Skinner..... 5.00
 M. D. Johnson..... 5.00
 C. C. McComas..... 5.00

Total.....\$231.50

THE TIMES will receive further subscriptions for this worthy object at its counting-room, and account for all monies received. Our people will not see this eminent and deserving woman suffer.

THE BLIND MAN WITH A WHIP.

Never in the history of American politics, or doubtless in the history of any other country, has there existed such a state of affairs as rules today in the Democratic organization of this State. A barkeeper, who is a fellow as ordinary as any of the thousands who pass out liquid damnation across the bars of our cities, is today the absolute master of that party and its candidates, from Governor down. It is a fact so notorious that it seems a work of supererogation to mention it, that for years no man desiring a municipal office in San Francisco could secure it without groveling at the feet of this master of the sums. The added fact that he is stone blind makes the case one of the marvels of the century. Through his manipulations of the politics of San Francisco he has amassed a fortune estimated at close upon a million of dollars; dressed in the height of fashion and leaning upon the arm of one of his trusty heelers, he walks the streets of that city as jauntily and debonair as though the subordination of perjury, the selling of the opinions of courts, the selling of decisions of boards of supervisors, the bartering of nominations for coin, and other crimes against the decency and dignity of the commonwealth were as laudable occupations as though he were selling the products of the soil in our markets of commerce. But, not content with controlling the Democratic politics of the metropolis and the recent Legislature of the State, he sighs for more worlds to conquer, and lays the nominee for the executive office under obligations, the result of a bargain driven as direct as any he has made for years when acting as the go-between of the corporations in San Francisco and the officials they desired to "reach." And though the Democratic nominee for Governor may assert in his speeches that he was not nominated because of combinations with any person, but that he is the free and untrammelled choice of the Democracy of the State, he knows that the statement is absolutely untrue. The veriest political novice who sat in the recent Democratic convention, or who was in San José when Mr. Pond was nominated, knows that he received the votes of the San Francisco delegation because Chris Buckley crooked his finger at his chairman, and anyone who knows Chris Buckley and his methods is well aware that no nomination is made by his heathen without coin in hand paid, or promised. It is interesting to note, too, how careful the Democratic stump speakers are to refrain from mentioning Mr. Buckley by name, and the fact is patent that they are not defying him. That worthy is lying low just at this time, but he holds in his hands the reins with which he drives Pond, Del Valle and the remainder of the Democratic team wherever he may choose. If Messrs. Pond and Del Valle were elected they would owe it entirely to this source; and then, as the late California Legislature was manipulated, so would we see the executive officers of the State manipulated, for behind them stalks their master—the blind man with a whip.

THE DISPOSITION OF OUR SEWAGE.

As the time approaches when our interior sewer system will be completed, it is fitting to consider ways and means for disposing of the sewage that will be delivered by that system to the southwest corner of the city. We may profit by the experience of some European cities in this direction.

From a recent article in Harper's Magazine we learn that in 1876 a drainage and sewage union was formed with the towns close around Birmingham, making up an aggregate population of 605,594 souls. The Drainage Board of this union manages a farm of 1200 acres in the Tame Valley. The sewage is conveyed to it through an 8-foot conduit, and is passed through the land by an extensive system of filtration by gravity, after which the effluent reaches the Tame River near by, in the condition of pure water. The sludge remaining after the disposal of the fluid is dug into the land. The meat, milk and vegetables grown on the farm and sold from it annually realize nearly \$25,000. It is insisted that in time the system will yield enough to pay its cost.

In dealing with the problem, the authorities separate the night soil and ashes from the sewage. The night soil is controlled by what is called the pan system; metal pans, capacious enough for a week's use, being periodically carted away in closed wagons, which also remove the ashes collected in a tub in each yard. The wagons are not offensive and the depositing station presents a view of flowers and shrubbery outside its enclosure. Here the night soil is dried, and sold as poultice, or patent manure. There is a

profit of a few pence per ton in this branch of the work. The ashes are sorted by a contractor, who takes out whatever is of value. The rest is melted in furnaces, and made into a coarse material, partly vitreous and partly metal, which is used to fill hollows, or, when mixed with Portland cement, makes a very good paving slab.

As soon as the next Council is elected, it would be well for it to make some systematic studies of sewage disposition, in order that, when the time comes, we may be ready to act.

THE NEW ELECTRIC RAILWAY PROJECT.

The franchise asked by the new electric railway company, which is now before the Council, is for fifty years. According to the terms of the franchise, work is to be commenced on the road within sixty days; six miles are to be completed and in operation within one year from the time of granting the franchise, and the whole road is to be completed within three years.

The projectors claim that if the franchise is granted them, they will do better than the foregoing requirement; that they will commence work within thirty days, and complete the road within twelve months.

To fully appreciate the magnitude of the enterprise, it is necessary to study a map of the city on which the route of the railroad has been marked out. It covers, as nearly as can be judged, about fifteen miles of streets. There is one main line covering a circuitous route, with four branches. The main line starts from a point on the Mission road beyond the County Hospital, where the Southern Pacific Railroad crosses, and runs thence through East Los Angeles by Hansen, Hawkins and Daly streets and Downey avenue, to Buena Vista street, along which thoroughfare it runs, and thence by the Plaza, Main, Spring, Second, Main again, Winston, San Pedro and Fifth streets to the Arcade depot; hence down Fourth and Third to the Santa Fe depot, and then by Vignes and Aliso streets across the river, and easterly by Summit, Michigan and Pennsylvania avenues to Evergreen Cemetery. A branch starts at the Arcade depot and runs straight out Sixth and Ward streets to the western city limits. A second branch, beginning at the corner of Main and Third, reaches the southwestern limits of the city by Broadway, Tenth, Flower, Washington, Estrella, Twenty-third, Scarff, Adams and Hoover streets. A third branch runs along Bellevue avenue, Philadelphia and Alpine streets to the location of the Los Angeles and Pacific Railroad depot at the Sisters' Hospital. The fourth branch is a short one from the corner of Aliso and Los Angeles streets, along the south side of the Plaza to Main street.

This is certainly an extensive programme, and provision has evidently been made for a possible further extension. The short branch to the end of the now disused Los Angeles and Pacific, or "Football" road, looks as if the rumored conversion of that line into an electric road may one day become an accomplished fact. It is thought that the Vernon horse-car line may also be taken in.

Assurance has also been given that this project rests upon a solid foundation—that the men who are behind it are financially well equipped and mean business. There will probably be some opposition from the cable company, whose territory is to some extent infringed upon by the new enterprise; but new street railroads are bound to come, sooner or later, and if the projectors of this system have sufficient faith in the future of the city to invest so large a sum of money as will be required in this manner, the citizens and Council of Los Angeles should certainly welcome them and afford them every reasonable encouragement after exacting proper safeguards. If the project carried out in good faith, as outlined, it will certainly be a great thing for the city, and should receive the sanction of the Council.

In its obtuseness in seeing the point of anything, the Trombone reminds one of a popular belief in regard to Scotchmen. Sidney Smith declared that it required a surgical operation to get a joke into a Scotchman's head. The average Englishman does not go so far as that, but claims that it takes about a week for a humorous idea to percolate into the cranium of a canny Scot, who will, they say, sometimes, when all alone, burst into roars of laughter over a witticism that had been told him a week before. So with the "Bones," which always needs three or four days to catch the drift of our bland and chitchee little remarks. And yet we write pretty plain English. The "Bones" cranium is a good subject for a drill.

THE EXAMINER is not treating Col. Markham very kindly, but there is no cause for complaint of its liberality in supplying the Republican Governor that is to be, with private secretaries. A few days ago it announced that Mr. Higgins of Los Angeles was to fill that position at Sacramento, and yesterday it gave the position to Mr. Burns of San Francisco. It is just possible that Gov. Markham, although he is a very modest man, may like to have something to say himself in regard to the choice of a private secretary. It would be just like him.

NUMEROUS inquiries have been made, during the past few days, for the name of the congressman whose objection prevented the bill for the relief of Mrs. Fremont from being taken up in the House by unanimous consent. The name of the objector is Lane of Illinois. He will be remembered by the friends of the aged widow of "The Pathfinder."

The Steamship City of New York left New York thirty minutes ahead of the Teutonic, and arrived yesterday at the Irish signal station, thirty-five minutes ahead of its rival. This is getting ocean racing down pretty fine. Soon we shall hear of steamers winning a race from Yokohama to San Francisco by half a bowprit.

FROM THE EAST.

Aid for Mrs. Fremont from New York.

Powderly Issues a Circular Summing Up the Los Strike.

Knights of Labor Say Hereafter Take a Hand in Politics.

A Prominent Canadian's Opinion on Reciprocity With the United States—Gen. Banks Falls of a Renomination.

By Telegram to THE TIMES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] Six hundred dollars was today voted from this city to the widow of Gen. John C. Fremont, being the aggregate of two private gifts.

THE CENTRAL STRIKE.

Powderly Issues a Circular—Pinkertonism Disputed.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] Powderly has issued a circular to the Knights of Labor in which he reviews the late strike and draws some conclusions. He acknowledges that it was clearly evident after the first week that the men were beaten, but he adds:

It was necessary to teach the power that could be exercised by the men that it would be an expensive undertaking to attempt to destroy the manhood in those who created the wealth that went to bribe public officials. The experience gained by the Central management in the loss of from \$15,000,000 to \$20,000,000, and the greater loss in patronage, will have a whole-some effect in the future. The strike was deliberately planned in the office of the New York Central Railroad, and one inaugurated it was but just that they should get enough of it.

Alluding to the published sworn admission of Knights ascribed on charges of train-wrecking, the circular says that hundreds of innocent persons were arrested during the Southwestern strike, and he is convinced a similar state of affairs exists in this strike. Many good standing men have been victimized, and the order should not hesitate to extend the aid necessary to tide them over the period of distress now upon them. The circular calls for reprisals for the alleged outrages committed by Pinkerton's men, and says: "The next Legislature of New York must be looked to for such legislation as will abolish a worse form of brigandage than has existed in this country since the days of the pirates of the sea."

Will the order stand as in the effort? If so, it will be made.

Powderly reiterated regrets that the strikers had not made better preparation, but though defeated, they in his opinion, deserved the support of their brothers. He congratulates the strikers upon having accomplished several results, and creating public sentiment against Pinkertonism. The circular also calls for a new management in the order, and says that he will answer all charges to the best of his ability.

Powderly today announced that he had received a circular from the Central management that on October 15th a form of ballot would be sent, asking each member of the order to vote either for or against taking independent political action in the future.

RECIPROCITY.

A Prominent Canadian's Views on the Subject.

TORONTO, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] At the annual meeting of the Commercial Union Club tonight, President Goldwin Smith, speaking of the McKinley Bill, said it is a great disaster, and will be felt much more by the Canadian farmers than by those having nothing personally to lose by it. The latter class he said, of course, can afford to receive with a trumpet and shout of patriotic defiance. The McKinley Bill, however, he said, is not pointed against Canada. It is a measure of domestic, not foreign, policy. He read a letter from Senator Sherman to Erasmus W. Brown, in which the senator believed that with a little forbearance and moderation on both sides of the line the feeling will become universal that special arrangements for reciprocity and trade should be entered into between the two countries. The Senator intends, he says, at the first opportunity to offer a resolution for reciprocity and test the sense of the Senate. Smith said that Senator Sherman's statements were corroborated by all advice from other quarters.

He regarded as ridiculous the notion that Americans were always fixing greedy eyes on Canada and plotting against her independence. "When Canada elects her own Governor-General," he said, "the fisheries question will be easily settled, but of course we cannot expect Americans to do for a Canadian statesman what we ourselves do not do for them, the same which they would do for a friendly government."

EASTERN POLITICS.

Gen. Banks Falls of a Renomination for Congress.

BOSTON, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] Gen. N. P. Banks was defeated for re-nomination to Congress today in the Fifth District Republican Convention, Mayor James A. Fox of Cambridge being chosen.

INDIANA'S "PEOPLE'S PARTY."

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 23.—The "People's party" was formed today at a convention of delegates from the Farmers' Alliance, Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, Greenbackers, Union like and other like organizations, and a full ticket put in the field. A hammer and plow were adopted as the party emblem, to be placed at the head of the ticket under the Australian ballot law. The platform is the declaration of principles adopted by the Farmers' Alliance at St. Louis last December. The following is the ticket: Auditor of the State, James M. Johnson; Treasurer, Isaiah H. Miller; Attorney General, William H. Patterson; Supreme Judge, John W. Bagley; Clerk of Supreme Court, Benjamin Street; Geologist, Edward S. Pope; Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, John W. Shockley.

The Switchmen's Convention. BUFFALO, Sept. 23.—At the session of the Switchmen's convention news was received from Toledo that the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors had declared in favor of a united federation as against the system federation. Like information was received from the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, in session at San Francisco.

The following officers were elected today: Grand master, Frank Sweeney, Chicago; vice grand master, John Downer, Chicago; grand organizer, M. W. Barrett, Kansas City. The grand secretary and treasurer hold over for a year.

THE MULATTOS MINE.

Preliminary Points in the Litigation Decided.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] Judge Levy rendered an opinion this morning in the suit of the Oro Grande Company (limited), et al. vs. Manuel Aguayo et al., involving the ownership of the Mulattos mine, situated in New Mexico. In his opinion, the motion of the Sather Banking Company to set aside the order making it a party defendant is denied. Plaintiffs are allowed five days in which to apply for an injunction against the banking company, after which the present restraining order will be set aside. Defendants' demurrer to the amended and supplemental complaint is also overruled by the court. Five days are allowed for answer.

ON THE TRACK.

PALO ALTO AGAIN FAILS TO LOWER HIS RECORD.

His Exhibition at Cincinnati Marred by Two Bad Breaks—Summary of Racing on Eastern Tracks.

By Telegram to THE TIMES.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] Trotting, 2:27 class, was finished from yesterday. Walter Herron won Greenleaf second, Van Tassel third, Catherine Leyburn fourth. Best time, 2:21.

Pacing, class 2:30, \$500: J. P. L. won, Sprague Wilkes second, Markland third, others drawn. Best time, 2:18. Trotting, 2:18, \$1000: McDowell won, Diamond second, McEwen third. Best time, 2:18.

Two-year-olds stake, best two in three: Evangeline won both heats; Naiaid King second place; Snip Nose and Sea Girl distanced. Best time, 2:22.

Palo Alto went a mile to break his own record, but failed. He made the first quarter in 33, the half in 1:06; the three-quarters in 1:39, and the mile in 1:44. The first quarter was finished at a 2:13 gait, and last quarter at a 2:19 gait. This bad work in the last quarter was due to a break at the head of the home stretch and two breaks in the quarter stretch, which cost him at least two seconds.

Brooklyn Jockey Club. GRAVESEND, Sept. 23.—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile: Chesapeake won, Iago second, Veronica third. Time, 1:09.

One mile and a sixteenth: Diablo won, Kason second, Grimsaid third. Time, 1:43.

Three-quarters of a mile: Evie won, Lash second, three-fourths of a mile: Esperanza won, Klinder second, Equity third. Time, 1:16.

Five-eighths of a mile: Lowlander won, Adage Filly second, J. B. Freed third. Time, 1:03.

One mile: Equinox won, St. Paris second, Kern third. Time, 1:43.

Eleven-sixteenths of a mile: Busted won, Houston second, Certe D third. Time, 1:08.

One mile: Little Jim won, Castaway II second, Rambler third. Time, 1:43.

LOUISVILLE RACES.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 23.—Mile and seventy yards: Robin and Gynnall ran a dead heat, Le Premier third. Time, 1:49.

Five-eighths of a mile: Roseland won, Melaine second, The Turk third. Time, 1:02.

Five-eighths of a mile: Marmora won, Reputation second, Carrie E. third. Time, 1:04.

One mile: Chimes won, Miss Hawkins second, Niss Leon third. Time, 1:42.

Two mile and an eighth: Cammilla won, Mary Mac second, Eli third. Time, 1:58.

A High-Priced Filly.

GRAVESEND, Sept. 23.—A large number of horse-owners and others interested in racing gathered here this morning to witness the sale of Warne's famous filly Reclaire. Five thousand dollars was the first bid, and it quickly mounted up to \$15,000, at which price she was knocked down to Hough Bros. Hough Bros. were bidding on Reclaire for her owners and she was bought in.

ON THE BALL FIELD.

Games on the Eastern and Western Diamond.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] The local National League team lost both games today, being fairly won by the visitors. First game—New York, 7; Pittsburgh, 5. Pitchers—Sharrott and Day. Second game—Pittsburgh, 6; New York, 8. Pitchers—Burkett and Anderson.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 23.—The Cincinnati bunched their hits in the eighth inning of today's game with Philadelphia, which enabled them to score enough runs to win. Both pitchers were very effective. Score—Cincinnati, 4; Philadelphia, 2. Pitchers—Mullane and Gleason.

DETROIT, Sept. 23.—Cleveland easily defeated the Boston today in an uninteresting game. Attendance 2000. The score—Boston, 1; Cleveland, 5. Pitchers—Getzein and Vau.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 23.—St. Louis, 21; Athletics, 2.

TOLEDO, Sept. 23.—Toledo, 4; Baltimore, 7.

COLUMBUS, Sept. 23.—Columbus, 1; Syracuse, 2.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 23.—Louisville, 18; Rochester, 6.

Years for a Prison.

MERCED, Sept. 23.—James O'Rourke, who was caught robbing the safe in Packer's saloon last week, pleaded guilty this afternoon and was sentenced to two years at San Quentin. The prisoner is anxious to get to his destination and remarked when sentenced that it was the happiest moment of his life.

El Temblor in Dixie.

COLUMBIA (S. C.), Sept. 23.—Six distinct shocks of earthquake were felt this morning. The last was noticeable for nearly a minute. A rumbling accompanied the shocks.

HAPPY PUGILISTS.

The Slavin-McAuliffe Fight to Come Off.

Jackson Will Be Invited to Meet the Victor in the Ring.

Great Fire at Panama Followed by Looting and Bloodshed.

More About the Daly Dynamite Disclosures—Another Outbreak in India—Eight Germans Massacred in Africa, Etc.

By Telegram to THE TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] Slavin and McAuliffe were arraigned in Lambeth Police Court this morning and bound over to keep the peace in £1000, each furnishing surety to appear when called upon. If any breach of peace occurs, warrants will be issued, and the case be sent before a committing magistrate.

Lord Lonsdale was present at the Ormonde Club meeting today, which lasted two hours. The secretary of the club stated that by the decision of the magistrates the two pugilists are at liberty to compete. Therefore, with a view to coinciding with the magistrate's remarks, the men have agreed to reduce the number of rounds from thirty to fifteen. Slavin has returned to Dover Court.

A nobleman of sporting proclivities has arranged for Jackson, the colored pugilist, to box the winner. The Press Association announces that Slavin and McAuliffe will probably have a glove fight within a few days under the modified conditions.

FIRE AT COLON.

Three-Fourths of the Town Burned.

PANAMA, (via Galveston.) Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] It is officially reported that Colon (Aspinwall) is burning, and the greater portion of the town is already destroyed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—A private dispatch from Aspinwall, timed 7 a. m., says the fire is under control. The damage is confined to Front street, the Panama Railroad House and the market.

PANAMA, Sept. 23.—Three-fourths of Colon has been destroyed. Ninety carloads of freight in transit were consumed. The wharves and shipping are safe. Owing to the riotous behavior of a mob of looters the military opened fire with ball cartridges, killing and wounding several persons. Reinforcements of police have been dispatched from here. Supplies were also sent. Everything is quiet now.

The fire commenced shortly after midnight. In all about one hundred and fifty buildings were destroyed, including the postoffice, Supreme Court, and municipal structures, and the agencies of all steamship companies, except the French company; the Pacific Mail and Royal Mail offices and part of the wharf, and many business houses.

No deaths and no casualties, except account from the fire are reported. The total loss is \$1,500,000. The cause of the fire is not yet ascertained.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—A telegram received by the Department of State from the Consul at Colon regarding the fire there, says the American portion of the city is safe.

THE DAILY DISCLOSURES.

Gladstone Thought the Alleged Revelations Mere Gossip.

BIRMINGHAM (England), Sept. 23.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The



City Briefs.

The Police and Fire Commissioners will meet at the usual hours in the Mayor's office today.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union office for Mrs. Les Cotes and J. S. Benham.

James Foster, arrested some time ago for starting grass fires in the Calabasas, was yesterday discharged by Justice King.

The cases of Sid Lacey, for disturbing the peace and carrying concealed weapons, were yesterday continued by Justice King.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Postal Telegraph office for J. M. Brooks, Miss Gertrude Wilcox, Charles Nicholas and Henry C. Wyatt.

There is quite a movement of office business to Broadway, as the prominent firms are making their arrangements to remove to that thoroughfare.

Mrs. Louisa M. Milligan, the wife of George Milligan, died at her residence on Broadway yesterday afternoon of a cancer, from which she had long been a sufferer.

William Weston, arrested some days ago by Mrs. Perrine, on a charge of disturbing the peace, was yesterday fined \$5 by Justice King. The trouble was about a dog.

City Clerk Teed was again compelled to return to his home yesterday by illness. He will probably be absent several days, as his condition is such that absolute rest is required.

Justice Austin yesterday viewed the premises where the alleged Alexander-Stoermer attempt at rape took place. Argument will be heard tomorrow afternoon, after which the judge will give his decision.

The boy Pete Dinocoebo, who was shot at San Jacinto by H. T. Hewitt, Sunday afternoon, an account of which was published in THE TIMES, died yesterday morning at 3:30 o'clock.

The case of B. Pessero, charged with disturbing the peace, was yesterday, on motion of the District Attorney, dismissed. The complainant, however, was the notorious Louise Blasio.

An effort is being made to institute a court of the Ancient Order of Foresters in Los Angeles. A meeting for this purpose will be held on Thursday evening, in the Board of Trade rooms.

S. E. Chase of Glendale, left at this time for Los Angeles a bag of elephant salt water peaches grown on his place. Some of the peaches measure eleven inches in circumference and they are as good as they are big.

Mrs. Marlette will give the King's Daughters a reception at her home, corner of Fifteenth and Main streets, this evening from 7 to 10 o'clock. All King's Daughters are especially invited to be present.

The City Council will today inspect Wall street, against the opening of which the property-owners protest, on the ground that the cost is excessive. The expense for one block is put at \$39,800, more, it is said, than the property is worth.

Mrs. Harry Roper, who lives near the Four-mile House, on the San Gabriel road, yesterday reported that 100 chickens had been stolen from her place on Monday night. The chickens are Langshans and Brahmas. The same number of chickens were stolen from the same place a short time ago.

A telephone message was received from San Pedro yesterday to the effect that Rev. Mr. Pearson, who has been ill at the residence of Mr. Merrick for the past few weeks, was much worse, and fears are entertained for his recovery. He had another slight stroke of apoplexy Saturday, which, in his present condition, it is feared, will prove fatal.

Seven members of the Salvation Army were arrested yesterday on warrants charging them with disturbing the peace, and taken before Justice King, who released them on \$5 cash bail each. These are the same gang who almost caused a runaway at the corner of Spring and Second streets Saturday night. The complainant was sworn to by J. F. Henderson.

A letter has been received from Lillie Mack, No. 207 South Franklin street, Wilkesbarre, Pa., thanking THE TIMES for efforts made to discover her missing relative, Harrier. The only information that the family can give is that he was formerly a correspondent of the New York Herald and once of the New Orleans Picayune. They knew nothing else.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.

SIGNAL OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, Sept. 23.—At 5:57 a. m. the barometer registered 29.94; at 5:57 p. m. 29.91. Thermometer for corresponding periods, 62°, 66°. Maximum temperature 72°; minimum temperature 62°. Rainfall past 24 hours, insensible. Weather cloudy.

John A. Logan Post and Corps will hold a joint open meeting in their hall, No. 412 South Spring street, near Sixth, this evening. Exercises to begin at 7:45 sharp—programme and refreshments. All free. All members of the G. A. R. and W. R. C. are cordially invited.

Los Angeles Directory, 1891.

The census for this year to be published by W. H. L. Corran, 215 W. First street, is now commencing, and will be vigorously pushed to completion, so that books can be in the hands of subscribers by January 1st. Owing to changes made in streets and numbers since last issue, THE LOS ANGELES MAP and Street Guide, which is given free to each subscriber to the directory, will be a more important feature than ever, and special pains will be taken to have it accurate and complete to date of issue.

Offensive Odors.

Often cause serious diseases. Unpleasant odors are a source of poisonous orders. Have your carpets cleaned by the City Steam Carpet Works. JOHN BLOESSER, 510 S. Pearl. Telephone 427.

Teeth Filled Without Pain.

Dr. J. H. Edmonds, dentist, room 32 Bryson-Bonebrake block. Office hours, 9:30 to 4:30.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS house and floor.

Patents. P. H. MATHEWS, house and floor and main street.

The Doctor Will Tell You.

Malaria often lurks under unclean carpets. Send for the City Steam Carpet Works and have your carpets cleaned. JOHN BLOESSER, 510 South Pearl. Telephone 427.

W. R. TULLIS, watchmaker.

425 South Spring street. Watches cleaned for \$1.50.

THE ONLY COMPLEXION POWDER in the world that is without vulgarity, without injury to the face and without doubt a beauty in its own face.

WINN-WILLIAMS PAINTS. P. H. MATHEWS, house and floor and main street.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

A FINE COLLECTION OF BARE GLASSWARE.

Our Stock of Drugs Reduced Very Low by Unprecedented Sales—Some Choice Bargains in Other Departments.

PEOPLE'S STORE.

Wednesday, Sept. 24, 1890.

The truth of our assertions regarding drugs—the prices at which we sell them—received another flattering endorsement yesterday at the hands of the public. We regret that our stock of some things was not equal to the demand. We have a large invoice now on the way, and while giving this explanation, would suggest your waiting a few days for such as we may not be able to supply at present. You can't always tell how great the rush will be. In this instance it kind of got away with us. We'll have everything you want in today, and tomorrow. It's the ever-changing state of affairs—the quick turning of goods into money, and money into goods again—that enables us to sell so cheaply. If our goods laid on the shelf until you came around and paid Union (?) prices, so there would be enough profit to admit of a little "scraping" we couldn't do it. RIGHT GOODS AT PROPER PRICES. LARGE SALES AND SMALL PROFITS. They have always proved the equal weights that balance the scales of our reputation and success.

We call particular attention to the display of glassware in our windows. Flint glass hotel shape goblets, at 50c and 60c a dozen, the two popular sizes, that usually sell at \$1 and \$1.25 a doz. We are running down our basement stock to make room for Holiday goods, now coming to hand. Butter or cheese bowls, 15c each, colored glass, quite ornamental; fruit bowls, 15c—eight different shapes and styles. We've got napkins to match most of them, reduced from 10c, 25c and 35c each.

Clothing Department.

Colored percale string Ties 10c per dozen, very neat, worth 25c.

Genuine British Sox 16c per pair; nothing like them for durability and comfort; worth 25c.

Men's patent Suspenders 10c; first-class web, worth 35c.

Men's dress Shirts 40c; made of Ulster muslin, reinforced front and back, felled seams and good lining, worth 75c.

Boys' school Suits \$1.75, plain gray or fancy cassimeres, made in the latest style. The material is of the best and made especially for wear; they will give entire satisfaction; worth \$2.00.

Men's black worsted diagonal Suits \$9.95; a perfect fitting sack made in the most approved fashion of a material which is well known and which for wear has no equal; worth \$14.75.

Hat Department.

Boys' canvas Hats 15c; a good play-about hat, worth 30c.

Youths' Hats 50c; selected styles in fine navy blue worsted with medium-wide striped bands, will prove both dressy and serviceable; worth \$1.00.

Men's "Opera" 75c; a light-weight, rolling-brim crush hat, in dark seal brown, one of the most popular hats of the time, worth \$1.25.

The Derby \$1.75; we have both the Knox and Dunlap styles; this hat is one of the finest in the market, will prove very serviceable, sold all over for \$2.75.

Shoe Department.

Children's dongola kid Shoes 75c a pair, made with spring heel, plain or topped toe, turned soles, an elegant wearer, worth \$1.25.

Ladies' Slippers 90c, we offer you an elegant bargain in this style, both in common sense and opera last, with turn soles, as handsome a Slipper as you would care to wear, worth \$1.50.

Men's calf Shoes \$1.95, in button, lace or congress, with solid leather counters, nicely finished, will wear you as good as any \$2.75 shoe in the market.

Ladies' russet Oxfords \$1.95, made with patent leather tip and of the best selected stock; these are certainly one of the best values we have ever seen, worth \$2.75.

Ladies' glazed dongola kid Shoes \$1.95, a soft easy shoe either in common sense or opera last, bound to give satisfaction, worth \$2.75.

Ladies' French dongola kid Shoe \$2.49, made with flexible sole, in common sense or opera last, the best selected stock, fits like a glove, worth \$3.75.

Men's calf Shoe \$2.49, in button, lace or congress, made of the best of leather, new styles and highly recommended for their wearing qualities, extremely neat and worth \$3.75.

Dress Goods Department.

Double fold black Cashmere 25c per yard, makes up very neatly, will give excellent service; worth 40c per yard.

Striped London Suitings 25c per yard, 35 inches wide, a very handsome material, makes up extremely stylish, worth 50c.

40-inch gray and brown Seicilian 50c per yard, nothing in the market to equal it for wear, always looks neat, worth 80c.

40-inch all wool black Serge 45c per yard; these handsome goods are always popular owing to their wearing qualities and appearance; do not fail to see them as they are worth 60c a yard.

Colored surah Silks 65c per yard, all shades, very fine and worth 80c.

Black rhadame Silk \$1.25 per yard, the handsomest silk in the market, makes up most exquisitely, does not cut, and worth \$1.75.

Domestic Department.

Best unbleached Muslin 7c a yard, worth 10c.

Chambray Ginghams, 11c a yard, very handsome, worth 16c.

Bleached cotton Flannel, 12½c a yard, extra heavy and wide, worth 20c.

Checked linen Drapery, 55c a dozen, all pure linen, worth 60c.

Cream linen damask Towels, 20c, extra size, worth 35c.

Double faced cretonne Plush, 45c a yard, a good quality, worth 55c.

All wool white twilled Flannel, 39c a yard, a good weight, worth 50c.

Oil-buffed turkey red Damask, 45c, very fine, worth 60c.

Underwear Department.

Ladies' muslin Night Robes, 84c made of the best muslin trimmed with Ribbed Edging and ruffling, very pretty, worth 95c.

Children's gingham Dresses, 34c, in checks and stripes, made with white yokes, trimmed with blue lace edging, worth 65c.

Ladies' gossamer merino Vests, 40c, silk bound, high neck and long sleeves, very serviceable, worth 75c.

Handkerchief Department.

Ladies' plain white hemstitched Handkerchiefs 10c, in a very good quality, worth 20c.

Ladies' mourning hemstitched Handkerchiefs 6c, a good quality, worth 12½c.

Gent's turkey-red Handkerchiefs, 6 for 25c, worth 8c each.

Ladies' colored hemstitched Handkerchiefs 30c each, very fine, worth 35c.

Ladies' Foster suede mousquetaire Gloves \$1.75, just received, the finest made, worth \$2.50.

A. HAMBURGER & SONS.

THE LATE PRINTERS' STRIKE.

Facts that Controversy Misrepresentation—Attitude of "The Times."

TO THE PUBLIC.

First. The strike was not on account of wages, hours of labor, lack of prompt payment, or any personal grievance.

Second. The proprietors of the four daily papers had had under consideration the question of retrenchment in their several establishments, and agreed unanimously in laying before the Typographical Union, for consideration, the question of a slight reduction in the rates of the press, and, however, presenting any ultimatum. The union arbitrarily refused any concession, and on the 4th of August made a stand-and-deliver demand upon the proprietors to sign, within twenty-four hours, a contract maintaining existing rates for the period of one year. The proprietors, believing that to comply would be unmanly and degrading, refused to sign. The strike followed within twenty-four hours, being formally put into force at 5 o'clock on the afternoon of August 5th, though the men employed on THE TIMES had actually stopped work several hours before. The proprietors rallied and got out their papers without missing an issue, though much crippled for the time being.

Third. The union strikers having voluntarily abandoned good situations on THE TIMES and the other papers, and locked themselves out, the proprietors had no alternative left but to fill their places permanently, which they have done.

Fourth. The force employed by THE TIMES are members of the Printers' Protective Fraternity, a rival organized-labor body. The men receive the same wages as their predecessors, are equally competent, more reliable, and not unjust or despot in their demands. The Fraternity has discipline, solidarity and esprit de corps. The members work under laws, rules and regulations of their own, which do not interfere with that control which the proprietors have a right to exercise over their own property and business. Their motto is: "Live and let live."

Fifth. The attitude of THE TIMES towards organized labor cannot be successfully assailed. We cordially appeal to the unimpeachable judgment rendered by our pay-rolls from week to week during many years. For the year ended September 30, 1889, THE TIMES' composing room bills aggregated \$27,857.93, being a weekly average of \$558.30. For the seven months and five days immediately preceding the strike—that is, from December 31st, 1889, to August 31st, 1890, inclusive—THE TIMES' composing room bills aggregated \$27,857.93, being a weekly average of \$558.30.

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